

Agents for Knox Hats.

Extraordinary Quality and Extraordinary Prices Rule Here. Exceptional worth-giving is no novelty in this store. It's always the BEST FOR THE LEAST—with widest variety and assortments from which to choose.

Gans-Rady Company

PREPARATIONS FOR A BIG FIGHT

Prospects for a Long Deadlock in Colorado Over the Re-election of Teller.

(By Associated Press.) DENVER, COLO., November 7.—At a caucus to-day of a number of Democratic members of the new Legislature it was decided that if the Republicans should take revolutionary tactics to unseat Teller men in the House, the Senate, which is strongly Democratic, will not meet in joint session with the House and will deadlock the Legislature in order that it will be impossible to elect a successor to Senator Teller.

A committee of three from the Senate and five from the House was appointed at this caucus to combat the efforts of the Republicans to control the Legislature by unduly means. The committee will call a joint caucus for next Tuesday, at the Democratic House and Senate members from all parts of the State, with the idea of binding them in an agreement to check the efforts of the Republicans to secure a majority vote on joint ballot. The caucus sent word to all the Democratic candidates for the Senate, who were defeated by a close margin to prepare their papers for a contest and to secure evidence of fraud upon which to base their contest.

The Republicans were charged with being revolutionary in their early attempt to unseat Arapahoe members in the House. The incoming Legislature, according to the latest returns, will be constituted as follows: Senate—Democrats, 21; Republicans, 11. House—Democrats, 22; Republicans, 23. Total on joint ballot—Democrats, 33; Republicans, 47.

Should the Republican majority in the House unseat the Democrats elected in the Arapahoe District, the Legislature, on joint ballot, will stand: Republicans, 62; Democrats, 38.

Later—Practically complete returns have been received from every county in the State, which shows that the Legislature will stand on joint ballot according to the figures of the returns. Democrats, 34; Republicans, 45. This is a gain of one Democrat from estimates heretofore. Late returns from Chaffee county show the election of the Democratic candidate. The returns also show the election of Mrs. Grenfell, Democrat, for Superintendent of Schools.

The indications now are that there will be contests for many members of the Legislature outside of Arapahoe county.

CLAIMS IN NEW YORK

Republicans Concede One, but Democrats Claim Two Offices.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, November 7.—Chairman Dunn, of the Republican State Committee, said to-day that although the Republicans had conceded the election of Judge Gray to the Court of Appeals, they would wait for the official count before giving up the attorney-generalship.

Elliott Danforth, of the Democratic State Committee, said to-day that Cunningham, the Democratic nominee for attorney-general, would have a plurality of 22,000 to 20,000. Mr. Danforth based his estimate on telegrams received from chairmen of Democratic county committees, who reported that Cunningham had received virtually the full Plunkitt vote, in addition to the Democratic vote.

First Time in Ten Years.

(By Associated Press.) HELENA, MONT., November 7.—Nearly complete returns show that the Republicans made a clean sweep in Montana for the first time in ten years.

A bitter factional fight in the Democratic ranks followed the election of the Republicans, while the Populists, which Heinze marshaled, did not win a single office. Ten senators, out of six, who will hold over, are elected by the Republicans, and will participate in the election of a United States Senator in 1903.

Garvin's Election Celebrated.

(By Associated Press.) PAWTUCKET, R. I., November 7.—Democrats from all over the State met at Cumberland, the home of Governor Garvin, to-night to celebrate his election. Mr. Garvin reviewed the parade and made a speech.

It turned out that Mr. Garvin is the only Democrat elected Governor north of the Potomac and east of the Mississippi River.

'Irish Woman Sent to Jail.

(By Associated Press.) DUBLIN, Nov. 7.—Mrs. Annie O'Mahony, the first woman imprisoned under the Criminal Act during the present campaign, was arrested at Waterford this morning and sent to jail, where she will undergo a two-month sentence. Mrs. O'Mahony, who is the proprietor of the Waterford Star, refused to furnish bail to guarantee that she would cease the publication of boycotting notices. H. P. Lyman, editor of the same paper, was also arrested and sent to jail for a similar term.

River and Harbor Estimates.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Secretary Root has cut down the estimates for the continuing contract work of rivers and harbors nearly two million dollars, leaving the total amount \$16,500,000. The appropriations which will be made for this work will depend upon the probable amount of work the contractors can do in the next fiscal year.

Rubber Goods Merger.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—It was announced to-day that the eight companies controlled by the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company would soon be under one management. The companies concerned are located in Chicago, New York, Akron, Cambridgeport, Mass., Peoria, Ill., Indianapolis, Ind., and Hartford, Conn.

WOMAN IMPRISONED UNDER CRIMES ACT

Proprietor of a Paper and Refused to Stop Publication of Boycott Notices.

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SOUTHERN EDUCATION

Two Interesting Papers Read Before Meeting at Oxford.

(By Associated Press.) OXFORD, MISS., November 7.—To-day's session of the Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools was opened with a paper by Professor W. W. Moore, of Vanderbilt University, on the state of education in the colleges and schools of the South. Two papers were read on the outlook of the public high school in the South—by Dr. Paul Hill Saunders, of the University of Mississippi, and the other by Professor H. B. Claxton, of the University of Tennessee.

The following are the officers elected: President, R. H. Jesse, of the University of Missouri; Secretary-treasurer, Professor J. H. Kirkland, of Vanderbilt; Vice-presidents, Dr. P. H. Saunders, University of Mississippi, and Professor C. B. Wallace, of Nashville.

The Executive Committee elected consisted of the above-named officers and Vice-Chancellor Wiggins, of the University of the South; Professor J. Webb, of Tulane, Tenn., and President P. F. Venable, of the University of North Carolina.

Trinity College, N. C., was selected as the next place of meeting.

NO CHANGE OF POLICY SUGGESTED BY CABINET

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, D. C., November 7.—The Cabinet met to-day for the first time in several months. The meeting, which was held in the new executive office, lasted two and a half hours. Secretary Hay brought forward the Cuban canal negotiations, which were briefly discussed, and he also referred to the progress made toward a reciprocity treaty with Cuba.

It is stated that in neither case did the Cabinet express any desire to change the policy which the State Department has been pursuing.

HELD IN HEAVY BOND FOR ASSAULTING EDITOR

(By Associated Press.) SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Nov. 7.—Thomas H. Williams, Jr., president of the California Jockey Club, and Truxton Vial, formerly United States minister to Persia, were held to-day for trial by the Superior Court for an alleged assault with intent to kill on Frederick Marriott, editor of The News Letter, last September. The bonds were fixed at \$10,000 each.

DOAKHOBOR PROCLAIMS HERSELF THE VIRGIN MARY

(By Associated Press.) WINNIPEG, MAN., November 7.—At Yorkton, a young Doakhobor woman, of attractive appearance, has dressed herself in white cotton, with white canvas shoes, and proclaimed herself the Virgin Mary. Many of the Doakhobors believe her story and she may cause trouble if her advice shall be in the wrong direction.

CHILDREN FOR BUDDHISTS SENT BACK TO CUBA

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, November 7.—The Board of Inquiry, sitting at Ellis Island, decided unanimously in favor of excluding the eleven Cuban children detained here. Their report, given to the Commissioner of Immigration, and an order was issued under which the children will be sent back to Cuba on the Ward Line steamer, sailing November 13th. The children were destined for Mrs. Katherine Tingley's Buddhist school in California.

LAST SURVIVOR OF CARDIFF GIANT HUMBUC

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, ILL., November 7.—Joseph J. Sampson, the last survivor of the "Cardiff Giant" humbug, died in this city to-day. Mr. Sampson had no part in the exhibition of the giant, but assisted in the making of the figure. He was a marble cutter and worked at his trade in cutting the giant. One of his sons told to-day that his father said that the work was done in a barn located near Lincoln Park, in this city.

More Officers Needed.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Secretary of the Navy Moody is working on his annual report. It is understood that one of his principal recommendations will be for an increase of officers for the navy. The lack of officers to man our warships is giving the department grave concern, and he will strongly urge that additional cadets at Annapolis be appointed to supply the growing deficit. He will not recommend a reorganization of the department in his message.

Cable Company Dividend.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, November 7.—The annual meeting of stockholders and quarterly meeting of directors of the United States and Hayti Cable Company was held in this city to-day. The officers of the company were re-elected. An annual dividend of 51-4 per cent. was voted on the preferred stock. No other business was transacted.

REDEMPTION STAMPS

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—When Congress repealed the Spanish war stamp tax act, and provided for the redemption of the unused stamps, it had no idea that stamps would be taken on the internal revenue commissioner that would take five or six years to complete, or that it was furnishing a demand on the treasury for anywhere from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. But before the last of the unused documentary stamps have been redeemed the cost to the government both in labor and treasure will be as indicated above.

The fact that Uncle Sam imposed a tax of two cents on bank checks to help pay for the war with Spain will be held in memory of most persons long before the weary clerks in the Treasury Department get through their job of counting and recounting the stamps that have been sent in for exchange.

The Treasury officials have long since given up the idea of determining the number of these stamps, and they now estimate their quantity by tons.

E. C. Johnson, chief of the stamp division, said to-day that he calculated that 250 tons of stamps and check books had been received to date. But the end is not yet. Every day the expressman drives up to one of the doors of the Treasury building

Small Bill. Small Dose. Small Price.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

COMPLETE RURAL DELIVERY SERVICE

The Aim of the Government is to Extend the Free Mail Feature Everywhere.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, D. C., November 7.—The annual gross cost of a complete rural free delivery service throughout the United States will approximate \$24,000,000, according to the annual report of August W. Machen, the general superintendent of the service.

The remaining 70,000 square miles not now covered by rural free delivery service, according to the report, will require the employment of 20,000 or 25,000 carriers in addition to those now employed, making the entire force of carriers, when the extension of the service is completed within the next three years, 40,000.

During the year 1902 12,493 petitions for the service were filed, making a total on July 1st last of 22,646, which exceeded by over 2,000 the total number during the preceding four years.

Mr. Machen says to comply with the demands of the people and of members of Congress the department will require an additional appropriation, otherwise further extension of the service will be deferred until July 1st next. If these additional funds are granted, 15,000 rural free delivery letter carriers will be in active service by May 1st. On July 1st last the city free delivery service embraced 933 cities, including four in the insular possessions, and the total number of uniformed letter carriers in the city service was 17,785, against 16,380 the previous year.

It is estimated that the free delivery will be extended to seventy-two offices during the current year. It also is estimated that the expenditures will aggregate \$2,333,300 for the maintenance and extension of city delivery service during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1903.

RULES FOR CONTRACTS

New York's Corporation Counsel Offers Some Suggestions.

Corporation Counsel Rives, who early in his administration ordered that in all communications he should be known as "Mr. Rives," is forwarding to Borough President J. Edward Swanstrom, of Brooklyn, suggestions for the proper drawing up of contracts.

It is complained in the office of the Corporation Counsel that several contracts prepared by the borough president are not clear as to their meaning.

These are some of Mr. Rives' suggestions: "Avoid the use of a verb without the subject to introduce the sentences and paragraphs unless the subject to which it belongs is apparent."

"Avoid the use of the word 'that' as an introduction to clauses and paragraphs."

"Avoid the use of the word 'said' before the words 'commissioners,' 'president,' 'engineers,' 'board,' 'architect,' 'inspector,' or 'party of the first part' (not parties) of the first part, in referring to the city of New York. The composite name of the city should be designated, not by the word 'corporation.'"

"The length of paragraphs should be governed by the subjects treated, and the number should be as few as is consistent with clearness."—New York World.

SHAMROCK THE THIRD

Lipton's Designers Said to Have Hit Upon a Wonderful Idea.

(By Associated Press.) GLASGOW, Nov. 7.—The Associated Press understands that in the Shamrock III will be embodied some radical departures in the matter of yacht construction which have not appeared in any previous challenger. These changes are said to be due to an accidental discovery made during the trials of the Shamrock II, and the Shamrock I, which convinced Designer Watson that there had been a fundamental error in both the challenges. This discovery was made too late to admit of the remodeling of the Shamrock II, but when its nature was explained to Sir Thomas Lipton it had great weight in deciding him to try for the America's cup a third time. Both Designers Fife and Watson are convinced that they possess solid data upon which they will now be able to build a yacht superior to any previous yacer. They maintained that they have evolved an idea which affects the whole theory of propulsion of sailing yachts.

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TOO MANY VOTES IN THAT DISTRICT

Returns Showed Nearly 10,000 More Than There Were Ballots and Fraud is Charged

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, ILL., November 7.—The Record-Herald to-morrow will say that Daniel Healy, Republican candidate for sheriff at the election, claims that he has been elected sheriff, and the count, which showed the election of Thomas Barrett (Democrat) by nearly 9,000 plurality, is false. It is claimed that the total vote for sheriff was in excess to the extent of more than 10,000 votes of the number of ballots issued in the county for the election.

According to a report from the Board of Election Commissioners, between 25,000 and 30,000 ballots were issued at the polls, including those destroyed, and those were only stamped. Figures give the total vote for sheriff at 23,193. Where the difference comes in has given rise to the charge of fraud in the interest of some candidate for sheriff on the ticket.

THEIR BAD LUCK

Three Bills in County Treasury That None Will Touch.

(By Associated Press.) COLUMBUS, OHIO, Nov. 7.—Stored away in the vault of the Putnam county treasury are three \$100 bills, which are associated with a robbery of the county treasury over a decade ago. While the robbery has been all but forgotten, the three bills remain as mementoes of the disaster, and are now witnesses of the death disaster, and now witnesses of the death disaster, and now witnesses of the death disaster.

These three witnesses are harmless in themselves they inspire a feeling of superstition here, or a disposition to avoid them by every county treasurer who has filled the office in recent years.

The bills are never looked upon by any one other than the county treasurer and the county commissioners, who twice annually count the funds in the treasury. They remain in the same envelope in which they were received as "conscience money" many years ago.

Lesson in American History in Puzzle.



AN INCIDENT IN BACON'S REBELLION AT JAMESTOWN. Find Nathaniel Bacon.

The Indian raids which Gov. Berkeley refused to attempt to put a stop to may be said to have been the foundation upon which the Bacon rebellion in Virginia was built. The colonists had suffered much from unjust taxation and the levy of a tax on the royalist assembly of Virginia, which was founded in 1609 and prevented any election of new members for a period of 16 years. The tyranny of Berkeley had added fuel to the fire of the Indians had created, and in 1675 Nathaniel Bacon, a young planter, placed himself at the head of a force of volunteers organized to resist and punish the Indians. At the head of a small force he visited Gov. Berkeley and asked for a commission, but this was refused, and he marched away without it. After Bacon had left Jamestown Berkeley pronounced him a traitor, but the colonists were with him, and when he proposed a revolution they followed his lead and drove Berkeley from the colony until Bacon died, October 11, 1676, when the rebellion collapsed and Berkeley returned.

The bills retain the odor of a perfume which was no doubt used to remove the offensive smell that money emits. Excepting these peculiarities the bills are not unlike others of their denomination.

No treasurer thus far has disturbed their quietude or had the courage to put the bills in circulation. Why this has never been done is unknown, yet it is a fact that they avoid the bills and keep away from their resting place as much as possible.

The question has often been asked whether or not the money will ever be put in circulation. It is very probable that it will not, for as each other steps down from the position he has held he carries to the incoming official the story of the three bills, and the new officer's entourage around the envelope containing them even more superstitious thoughts than his predecessor and allows them to remain as they had been.

Undoubtedly they will be held as a reserve fund and passed from one treasurer to another as a reminder of the fact that will ever follow those who forsake a public trust or violate the commandment, "Thou shalt not steal."

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Positively cured by these Little Pills.



Health of Women

Health and beauty are the glories of perfect womanhood. Women who suffer constantly with weakness peculiar to their sex cannot retain their beauty. Preservation of pretty features and rounded form is a duty women owe to themselves.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound removes such troubles.

Case of this Prominent Chicago Woman Should Give Everyone Confidence in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure, indeed, to add my testimonial to the great number who are today praising Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Three years ago I broke down from excessive physical and mental strain. I was unable to eat, and I became so nervous and irritable too that my friends trembled, and I was unable to attend to my work. Our physician prescribed for me, but as I did not seem to improve, I was advised to go away. I could neither spare the time nor money, and was very much worried when, fortunately, one of my club friends called. She told me how she had been cured of ovarian troubles, and how like my symptoms were to hers, seven bottles of your medicine cured her, and she insisted that I take some."

"I did so, and am glad that I followed her advice. Within six weeks I was a different woman, strong and robust in health, and have been so ever since."

"A number of my friends who have been troubled with ailments peculiar to our sex have taken your compound, and have also been greatly benefited."—Miss ELIZABETH DALEY, 270 Loomis St., Chicago, Ill. President of the St. Ruth's Court, Order of Foresters, Catholic.

What is left for the women of America, after reading such letters as we publish, but to believe. Don't some of you who are sick and miserable feel how wicked you are to remain so, making life a burden for yourself and your friends, when a cure is easily and inexpensively obtained? Don't you think it would pay to drop some of your old prejudices and "Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is better than all the doctors for cures?" Surely the experience of hundreds of thousands of women, whom the Compound has cured, should convince all women.

Follow the record of this medicine, and remember that these cures of thousands of women whose letters are constantly printed in this paper were not brought about by "something else," but by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the great Woman's Remedy for Women's Ills.

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Moral—stick to the medicine that you know is the Best. Write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice.

\$5000

FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letter and signature of above testimonial, which will prove its absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

THE MINING KING MUST GO TO JAIL

Iowa Supreme Court Refuses to Grant a New Trial to A. L. Balliet, Convicted of Fraud.

(By Associated Press.) DES MOINES, IOWA, November 7.—The Court of Appeals to-day refused to allow A. L. Balliet, known as the Mining King, a new trial, and sentenced him to pay a fine of \$100 and to serve one year in the county jail.

Balliet was convicted this spring of using the United States mails for fraudulent purposes. In 1899 he purchased what was known as "The White mine" in Baker, Ore., which had been abandoned by the original owners, and began to exploit the same through the newspaper advertisements, and sold stock on the monthly payment plan. It was shown on the record that at the time of the trial that over \$200,000 was received by Balliet from small investors from all over the United States. It was also shown that not a dollar was expended upon the mine, although representations were made to the contrary in his advertising matter.

Balliet gave notice of an appeal. The case has been tried twice, and has cost the Government fully \$50,000.

NEWS FROM BARTON HEIGHTS

Items of Interest About the Folk of the Nor' side.

Mr. J. P. Haupt, superintendent of the American Bridge Company, has left on a business trip through the South, and will be gone about a week.

Mrs. Julia Shultz, who has been quite sick, is improving.